

YEAR 6 – Islamic History|

Lesson 1 – Hudaibiyah

Name _____ Class _____ Mark _____

CIRCLE YOUR ANSWER (leave blank, if you don't know)

1	What did the Quraysh do in response to the sufferings they faced at the hands of the Muslims? A) Fight B) Attack C) Negotiate D) Flee	6	Who of the following was Muhammad SAW allowed to invite towards Islam? A) Kings B) Chiefs C) Rulers D) All
2	Sayyiduna Abu Jandal did what to the Makkans that captured him? A) Escaped B) Attacked C) Killed D) Converted	7	Which group of people of Khaybar would potentially attack the Muslims of Madinah? A) Quraysh B) Muslims C) Jews D) Christians
3	What did Muhammad SAW order the Sahaabah to do to their hair as a result of the concluded peace treaty? A) Grow B) Tie C) Shave D) Braid	8	Muhammad SAW marched to Khaybar with how many Sahabah? A) 1200 B) 1300 C) 1400 D) 1500
4	Which surah was released as a result following the conclusion of the peace treaty? A) Faatihah B) Fath C) Yaseen D) Falaq	9	Which poisoned animal was offered to Muhammad SAW and his Sahabah? A) Chicken B) Cow C) Goat D) Turkey
5	What did the Treaty of Hudaibiyah protect Muslims from as they tried to spread Islam? A) Defence B) Attacks C) Sins D) Disbelievers	10	How many Sahabah were able to travel to Makkah for Umrah following the peace treaty? A) 1000 B) 2000 C) 3000 D) 4000

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Lesson 1 - Hudaibiyah

Name _____ Class _____ MARKS _____

CIRCLE YOUR ANSWER (leave blank, if you don't know)

1	Why did the Quraysh decide to negotiate a peace treaty with the Muslims in the land of Hudaibiyah? a. Finally live in peace together b. They loved the Muslims c. To avoid another battle d. To start another battle	6	Why did Prophet Muhammad (SAW) send letters to the monarchs, rulers and Arab chiefs? a. Inviting them towards Islam b. Arrange a special meeting c. Help him invade other people's land d. Help him attack the Quraysh
2	Whilst writing the peace treaty, which words did Sayyiduna Ali (AS) respectfully disagree to erase? a. The Messenger of Allah b. In the name of Allah c. All praise be to Allah d. Allah is the greatest	7	What was engraved on the ring of Prophet Muhammad (SAW) that he used to sign off his letters? a. Muhammad (SAW) b. Allah - Rasool - Muhammad c. Muhammad Ibn Abdullah d. Allah Most High
3	Which one of these was not a clause in the peace treaty? a. Perform Umrah next year b. Muslims to return any Quraysh escapee from Makkah c. Peace treaty will be for 10 years d. Perform Umrah after five years	8	Why did the Muslims march towards the Jewish people in Khayber? a. Prophet Muhammad (SAW) did not want them to live in peace b. They were friends with the Quraysh c. Take over their land d. They refused peace treaty talks with the Muslims
4	Why did Prophet Muhammad (SAW) return Sayyiduna Suhayl ibn Amr (RA) back to Makkah? a. He was not Muslim b. To honour the peace treaty c. He was a leader of Makkah d. He was a Muslim	9	What did Zaynab Bint Al-Harith try to do? a. Fight with the Muslims b. Have peace talks with the Muslims c. Poison Prophet Muhammad (SAW) d. Help the Muslims
5	Why were the Sahabah (RA) extremely disappointed after the peace talks? a. They could go back to Makkah b. Quraysh were persecuting them c. They had agreed a peace treaty d. Not performing Umrah that year	10	How many Sahabah (RA) travelled to Makkah to perform Umrah? a. Two thousand b. One hundred c. Three hundred and thirteen d. Ten thousand

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Lesson 2 – Breaking the treaty

Name _____ Class _____ Mark _____

CIRCLE YOUR ANSWER (leave blank, if you don't know)

1	How was the environment in Arabia following the Treaty of Hudaibiyah? A) Chaotic B) Peaceful C) Tense D) Violent	6	What did the Muslims do to Abu Sufyaan in Masjidun Nabawi? A) Befriend B) Convert C) Mock D) Kill
2	People were forced to accept Islam under the Treaty of Hudaibiyah. A) True B) False C) Neither	7	Sayyiduna Hatib ibn Abi Balta'a revealed the Muslims' plans to the Quraysh. A) True B) False C) Neither
3	What did the Banu Bakar tribe do to the Khuza'ah tribe? A) Attack B) Defend C) Befriend D) Convert	8	Sayyiduna Hatib ibn Balta'a sent the letter to protect his... A) Friends B) Family C) Companions D) Enemies
4	How many conditions did Muhammad SAW give the Quraysh in the ultimatum? A) 1 B) 2 C) 3 D) 4	9	Which companion had a short temper by nature, wanting to harm Sayyiduna Hatib ibn Balta'a? A) Abu Bakr B) Umar C) Uthmaan D) Ali
5	Sayyiduna Abu Sufyaan RA tried to do what with the treaty? A) Destroy B) Tear C) Renegotiate D) Alter	10	What did Muhammad SAW do to Sayyiduna Hatib ibn Balta'a? A) Kill B) Attack C) Forgive D) Exile

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Lesson 2 - Breaking the Treaty

Name _____ Class _____ MARKS _____

CIRCLE YOUR ANSWER (leave blank, if you don't know)

1	What did the Treaty of Hudaibiyah create among its people? a. Disrespect and intolerance b. Injustice and fear c. Aggression and hate d. Security and a peaceful environment	6	What did Prophet Muhammad (SAW) announce a few weeks after the incident of Sayyiduna Abu Sufyaan (RA)? a) He was preparing a new treaty b) He was preparing for a huge expedition c) He was preparing a visit to Makkah d) He was going on a pilgrimage
2	Why did the Quraysh send Sayyiduna Abu Sufyaan (RA) to Madinah? a. To attack Prophet Muhammad (SAW) b) To renegotiate a treaty with Prophet Muhammad (SAW) c) To seek refuge in Madinah d) To visit his daughter in Madinah	7	Why was the location of the expedition kept secret from everyone, including close companions? a) Prophet Muhammad (SAW) wanted to surprise his companions b) The expedition was not fully planned c) He wanted to avoid betrayal and ensure safety d) There was no clear destination at the time
3	How did Sayyiduna Umar (RA) and Sayyiduna Ali (RA) respond when Sayyiduna Abu Sufyaan (RA) asked for help? a) They agreed to assist him b) They totally ignored him c) They refused to assist him d) They fought with him	8	Which is a true statement about the expedition that Prophet Muhammad (SAW) was preparing for? a) It involved a small group of Sahabah (RA) b) Every able man was expected to join c) It was heading towards a known destination d) It was cancelled last minute
4	What did Sayyiduna Abu Sufyaan (RA) do when he felt ashamed and humiliated in Madinah? a) He asked Prophet Muhammad (SAW) for forgiveness b) He went to Masjidun Nabawi and begged for protection c) He returned to Makkah without receiving any help d) He became a Muslim	9	Who was the trusted Badri Sahabi (RA) that wrote a letter warning the Quraysh about the Muslim army? a) Sayyiduna Abu Bakr (RA) b) Sayyiduna Hatib Ibn Abi Balta'a (RA) c) Sayyiduna Umar (RA) d) Sayyiduna Ali (RA)
5	How did the Quraysh react with the news of Sayyiduna Abu Sufyaan's (RA) visit to Madinah? a) They welcomed him with open arms b) They mocked and humiliated him c) They offered him protection d) They ignored him	10	Where was the letter found that was sent to the Quraysh by this trusted Badri Sahabi (RA)? a. In a well b. In the bag of an elderly man c. In the tresses of a lady d. In the hands of the Quraysh

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Lesson 3 – Conquest of Makkah

Name _____ Class _____ Mark _____

CIRCLE YOUR ANSWER (leave blank, if you don't know)

1	Who did the Muslims meet in Juhfa? A) Sayyiduna Abdullah Ibn Abi Umayyah (RA) B) Sayyiduna Abbas (RA) and his family C) Sayyiduna Abu Sufyaan (RA) D) Sayyiduna Abu Sufyaan Ibn Harith (RA)	6	Where did Muhammad (SAW) want to spend the rest of his life with the Sahabah (RA)? A) Makkah B) Madinah C) Jeddah D) Palestine
2	When the Muslims discreetly left Madinah, they were... A) Performing Salaah B) Observing fasting C) Giving out Zakaat D) In the state of Wudhu	7	When Prophet Muhammad (SAW) liberated Makkah, how did he treat the people of Makkah? A) Forgave them B) Bullied them C) Tortured them D) Reprimanded them
3	When the Muslims were less than a day away from Makkah, where did they camp? A) Jerusalem B) Makkah C) Madinah D) Mar-az-Zahran	8	How did Prophet Muhammad (SAW) honour Sayyiduna Abu Sufyaan (RA) A) Announced that whoever takes shelter in his house, shall be safe B) Announced that whoever takes shelter in their own home, shall be safe C) Announced that whoever is in the sanctity of the Ka'bah, shall be safe D) All of the above
4	Whilst liberating Makkah, the Muslims were commanded to attack every inhabitant of Makkah. A) True B) False	9	After liberating Makkah, which <u>TWO</u> groups of people wanted to attack the Muslims? A) Thaqif B) Quraysh C) Hawazin D) Banu Bakr
5	Many members of the Quraysh accepted Islam upon seeing (and experiencing) the beautiful character of Prophet Muhammad (SAW). A) True B) False	10	What did Prophet Muhammad (SAW) teach Sayyiduna Abu Mahdhurah (RA)? A) The words of Adhaan B) How to perform Salaah C) How to distribute Zakaat D) How to keep fast

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Lesson 3 – Conquest of Makkah

Name _____ Class _____ Mark _____

CIRCLE YOUR ANSWER (leave blank, if you don't know)

1	Where did the Muslims camp outside of Makkah? A) Jerusalem B) Makkah C) Madinah D) Mar-az-Zahran	6	Where did Muhammad SAW want to spend the rest of his days with the Sahabah? A) Makkah B) Madinah C) Jeddah D) Palestine
2	How was the feeling between Abu Sufyaan and Muhammad SAW prior to him accepting Islam? A) Happy B) Angry C) Tense D) Pleasant	7	Which TWO groups of people wanted to attack the Muslims? A) Thaqif B) Quraysh C) Hawazin D) All
3	On which day of Ramadan did Muhammad SAW and the Sahabah march into Makkah? A) 5 B) 10 C) 15 D) 20	8	On which day of Shawwal did Muhammad SAW and the Sahabah reach Hunayn? A) 9 B) 10 C) 11 D) 12
4	The Muslims attacked the people of Makkah upon entering. A) True B) False C) Neither	9	Did Muhammad SAW stop burning agriculture in Taif out of mercy? A) Yes B) No C) Maybe
5	Many members of the Quraysh accepted Islam upon seeing the character of Muhammad SAW. A) True B) False C) Neither	10	Who did Muhammad SAW first distribute the spoils of war to? A) Sahabah B) Quraysh C) Ansaar D) Thaqif

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Lesson 4 – Farewell Hajj

Name _____ Class _____ Mark _____

CIRCLE YOUR ANSWER (leave blank, if you don't know)

1	Why did the Roman Empire prepare to attack Madinah? A) They wanted to take more land and control the people. B) They believed the Muslims were planning to attack them first. C) They feared that Islam was a 'threat' to their power. D) They simply felt like attacking the Muslims.	6	Which pillar of Islam had Prophet Muhammad (SAW) not yet demonstrated to the Sahabah (RA)? A) Shahaadah B) Zakaah C) Hajj D) Salaah E) Sawm
2	The journey to Tabuk was long and extremely exhausting. What did Prophet Muhammad (SAW) encourage all the Sahabah (RA) to do? A) Drink plenty of water to stay hydrated B) Ask the women, children and elderly to join the army C) Perform all their Fardh and Sunnah Salaah D) Donate money and belongings to support the expedition	7	During the Farewell Sermon in the plain of Arafah, what did the Sahabah (RA) reply when Prophet Muhammad (SAW) asked if he had conveyed the message of Allah Most High and fulfilled his duty? A) He had not fulfilled his duty. B) He had conveyed only part of the message. C) He had failed to convey the message of Allah Most High. D) He had conveyed the message of Allah Most High and fulfilled his duty.
3	What challenges did the Muslims face on their journey to Tabuk?(CIRCLE ALL THE CORRECT ANSWERS) A) They were robbed B) There was not enough transport for everyone C) They were attacked along the way D) They suffered from hunger and thirst E) Their supplies decreased day by day and they were forced to eat leaves	8	What important advice did Prophet Muhammad (SAW) give in his sermon? (CIRCLE ALL THE CORRECT ANSWERS) A) Worship only Allah Most High B) Guard your modesty C) Pass this message onto others D) No one is superior to another E) Do not hurt anyone F) Hold firmly onto the Qur'aan Kareem and Sunnah
4	What instruction did Prophet Muhammad (SAW) give to the Sahabah (RA) when they passed by Al-Hijr, the land of the Thamood? A) To settle there and have a picnic B) To leave the area quickly without delay C) To camp there for a few nights D) To admire the houses carved into the mountains	9	In whose house was Prophet Muhammad (SAW) buried after his passing? A) Sayyiduna Abu Bakr (RA) B) Sayyiduna Umar (RA) C) Sayyidatuna Aisha (RA) D) Sayyidatuna Fatimah (RA)
5	Why did a battle not take place at Tabuk? A) The Muslims became frightened and ran away B) The Romans and Muslims fought at another location C) The Muslims and Romans agreed on a peace treaty. D) The Romans lost courage and became fearful of facing the Muslims.	10	After the passing of Prophet Muhammad (SAW), which Sahabi (RA) comforted the Muslims and helped calm the situation during their time of deep grief? A) Sayyiduna Abu Bakr (RA) B) Sayyiduna Umar (RA) C) Sayyidatuna Aisha (RA) D) Sayyidatuna Umm Kulthoom (RA)

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Lesson 4 – Farewell Hajj

Name _____ Class _____ Mark _____

CIRCLE YOUR ANSWER (leave blank, if you don't know)

1	Who refused to travel towards Tabuk? A) Muslims B) Sahabah C) Munafiqeen D) Kuffar	6	What is the fifth pillar of Islam? A) Fasting B) Zakaat C) Hajj D) Any
2	Which of the following did the Muslims experience on their expedition to Tabuk? A) Heat B) Hunger C) Thirst D) All	7	On what day of Dhul Hijjah is one of the main days of Hajj? A) 9 B) 10 C) 12 D) 15
3	In which season did the Muslims travel to Tabuk? A) Spring B) Summer C) Autumn D) Winter	8	Muhammad SAW said in his final sermon which race was superior to the other? A) White B) Black C) Both D) Neither
4	What weather did Muhammad SAW pray for? A) Wind B) Rain C) Snow D) Hail	9	On what day of Rabi-ul-Awwal did Muhammad SAW pass away? A) 6 B) 12 C) 18 D) 24
5	How many days was the stay at Tabuk? A) 18 B) 19 C) 20 D) 21	10	Muhammad SAW informed of a new religion and prophet after him. A) True B) False C) Neither